Eugene J. Egan (State Bar No. 130108)

1

and DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, Defendants, as Case Number 22STCV6366 (the

Case No.

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- Target was first served a copy of the Complaint on August 16, 2. 2022. A true and correct copy of the Proof of Service of Process is attached hereto as **Exhibit** "**B.**"
- 3. Plaintiff was, at the time she filed the Action and still is, a citizen of the State of California.
- 4. On September 15, 2022, Target filed and served its Answer to the Complaint, Demand for Jury Trial with the California Superior Court. A true and correct copy of Target's Answer to Complaint, Demand for Jury Trial is attached hereto as Exhibit "C."
- 5. On March 4, 2022, Plaintiff sent his demand letter demanding "the full policy limit on Target Corporation's policy in exchange for a full and final settlement of all of his claims related to the above-referenced incident which occurred on November 8, 2020." A true and correct copy of Plaintiff's demand letter is attached hereto as Exhibit "D."
- Target's insurance limits above its self-insured retention is 6. \$2,000,000.
- Plaintiff's demand of Target's policy limit of \$2,000,000.00. 7. surpasses the jurisdictional amount in controversy minimum of \$75,000
- 8. Target is informed and believes that Plaintiff was, at the time he filed the Action, and still is a citizen of the State of California
- 9. This removal is timely and was filed within thirty (30) days of receipt by Defendant, of a copy of Plaintiff's Demand, and within the time limit for Defendant to file its removal. This is Defendant's first opportunity to timely remove this case, from when it was first ascertained that the case is one which is or has become removable.
- This action is a civil action of which this Court has original 10. jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §1332, and is one which may be removed to this Court by defendant pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. §1441(a) in that this is

GABRIELLA A. PEDONE

a civil action between	citizens of differen	nt states and	the matter in	controvers
exceeds the sum of \$7	'5.000.00, exclusiv	e of interest	and costs.	

- 11. Target is the only named defendant; the other defendants in this action are fictitiously named, designated as DOES 1 to 10, and their citizenship shall not be considered in determining diversity jurisdiction. 28 U.S.C. §1446(b).
- 12. Target Corporation was, at the time of the filing of this action, and still is, a citizen of the State of Minnesota, incorporated under the laws of the State of Minnesota, with its principal place of business in the State of Minnesota. Both the California Secretary of State and Minnesota Secretary of State identify Target Corporation as a Minnesota Corporation with its principle address at 1000 Nicollet Mall, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55403 on their respective websites. True and correct copies of search results for Target Corporation on those websites are attached hereto as **Exhibit "E."**
- 11. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1446(a), true and correct copies of all process, pleadings, and orders sent to and received by Target in the State Court action are attached hereto.

DATED: September 15, 2022

MANNING & KASS ELLROD, RAMIREZ, TRESTER LLP

By: /s/ Gabriella Pedone
Eugene J. Egan
Gabriella Pedone
Attorneys for Defendants, TARGET
CORPORATION

DECLARATION OF GABRIELLA A. PEDONE

- I, Gabriella A. Pedone, declare as follows:
- 1. I am an attorney duly admitted to practice in the courts of the State of California and am an attorney with Manning & Kass, Ellrod, Ramirez, Trester LLP, attorneys of record for Defendant TARGET CORPORATION. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein, and if called as a witness, I could and would competently testify thereto. I make this declaration in support of Defendant's Notice of Removal of Action Under 28 U.S.C. §1441(b)1 (diversity).
- 2. On August 15, 2022, an action was commenced in the Superior Court of the State of California in an for the County of Los Angeles, entitled VARDAN GRIGORYAN, an individual, Plaintiff vs. TARGET CORPORATION and DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, Defendants, as Case Number 22STCV6366 (the "Action"). A true and correct copy of Plaintiffs Complaint is attached hereto as **Exhibit "A."**
- 3. Target was first served a copy of the Complaint on August 16, 2022. A true and correct copy of the Proof of Service of Process is attached hereto as **Exhibit "B."**
- 4. Plaintiff was, at the time she filed the Action and still is, a citizen of the State of California.
- 5. On September 15, 2022, Target filed and served its Answer to the Complaint, Demand for Jury Trial with the California Superior Court. A true and correct copy of Target's Answer to Complaint, Demand for Jury Trial is attached hereto as **Exhibit "C."**
- 6. On March 4, 2022, Plaintiff sent his demand letter demanding "the full policy limit on Target Corporation's policy in exchange for a full and final settlement of all of his claims related to the above-referenced incident which occurred on November 8, 2020." A true and correct copy of Plaintiff's demand letter is attached hereto as **Exhibit "D."**

- 1 2

- 7. Target's insurance limits above its self-insured retention is \$2,000,000.
- 8. Plaintiff's demand of Target's policy limit of \$2,000,000.00 surpasses the jurisdictional amount in controversy minimum of \$75,000
- 9. Target is informed and believes that Plaintiff was, at the time he filed the Action, and still is a citizen of the State of California.
- 10. This removal is timely and was filed within thirty (30) days of receipt by Defendant, of a copy of Plaintiff's Demand, and within the time limit for Defendant to file its removal. This is Defendant's first opportunity to timely remove this case, from when it was first ascertained that the case is one which is or has become removable.
- 11. This action is a civil action of which this Court has original jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §1332, and is one which may be removed to this Court by defendant pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. §1441(a) in that this is a civil action between citizens of different states and the matter in controversy exceeds the sum of \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs.
- 12. Target is the only named defendant; the other defendants in this action are fictitiously named, designated as DOES 1 to 10, and their citizenship shall not be considered in determining diversity jurisdiction. 28 U.S.C. §1446(b).
- 13. Target Corporation was, at the time of the filing of this action, and still is, a citizen of the State of Minnesota, incorporated under the laws of the State of Minnesota, with its principal place of business in the State of Minnesota. Both the California Secretary of State and Minnesota Secretary of State identify Target Corporation as a Minnesota Corporation with its principle address at 1000 Nicollet Mall, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55403 on their respective websites. True and correct copies of search results for Target Corporation on those websites are attached hereto as **Exhibit "E.)**

14.	Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1446(a), true and correct copies of all process
pleadings, an	d orders sent to and received by Target in the State Court action are
attached here	to.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on this 15th day of September, 2022, at Los Angeles, California.

/s/ Gabriella A. Pedone

Gabriella A. Pedone

EXHIBIT A

22STCV26366

SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

TARGET CORPORATION, a corporation, and DOES 1 TO 20 inclusive

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

Vardan Grigoryan, an individual

FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

SUM-100

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information below.

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for waived fees and costs on any settlement or arbitration award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be paid before the court will dismiss the case. ¡AVISO! Lo han demandado. Si no responde dentro de 30 días, la corte puede decidir en su contra sin escuchar su versión. Lea la información a continuación.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales. AVISO: Por ley, la corte tiene derecho a reclamar las cuotas y los costos exentos por imponer un gravamen sobre cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la corte antes de que la corte pueda desechar el caso.

CASE NUMBER:

22STCV26366

The name and address of the court is:

(El nombre y dirección de la corte es): Los Angeles Superior Court

Central District - Spring Street Courthouse

312 N Spring Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:

	número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no ti ASS LAW; 815 E Colorado Street, Suite 220, Glendale, CA 91	
	Sherri R. Carter Executive Officer / Clerk of Court	
DATE: 08/15/2022 (Fecha)	Clerk, by (Secretario)R. Pe	, Deputy rez (Adjunto)
	immons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)	
(Para prueba de entrega de e	sta citatión use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).	
(CEA)	NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served	
[SEAL]	1. as an individual defendant.	
NORMA >	2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):	
	3. on behalf of (specify): Taget Corporation, a	Corporation
	under: CCP 416.10 (corporation) CCP 41 CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 41	6.60 (minor) 6.70 (conservatee) 6.90 (authorized person)
	under (specify): 4. by personal delivery on (date): 8/16/27	Page 1 of 1

Case 2:22-cv-06617-JFW-PD Document 1 Filed 09/15/22 Page 9 of 74 Page ID #:9
Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles on 08/15/2022 04:04 PM Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, by R. Perez, Deputy Clerk 22STCV26366

Assigned for all purposes to: Spring Street Courthouse, Judicial Officer: Audra Mori

PLD-PI-001

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address):	FOR COURT USE ONLY
Armen Kiramijyan (SBN: 276723) KAASS LAW	
815 E Colorado Street, Suite 220	
Glendale, California 91205	
TELEPHONE NO: 310.943.1171 FAX NO. (Optional):	
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional): litigation@kaass.com	
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Vardan Grigoryan	
	-
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF Los Angeles STREET ADDRESS: 312 North Spring Street	
1	
MAILING ADDRESS: 312 North Spring Street	•
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Los Angeles, 90012	
BRANCH NAME: Central District - Spring Street Courthouse	
PLAINTIFF: Vardan Grigoryan, an individual	
DEFENDANT: TARGET CORPORATION, a corporation, and	
berendant. TAROLT CORTORATION, a corporation, and	
DOES 1 TO 20 inclusive	
COMPLAINT—Personal Injury, Property Damage, Wrongful Death	†
AMENDED (Number):	
Type (check all that apply):	
MOTOR VEHICLE OTHER (specify): Premises Liability	
Property Damage Wrongful Death	
Personal Injury Other Damages (specify):	
Jurisdiction (check all that apply):	CASE NUMBER:
ACTION IS A LIMITED CIVIL CASE	
Amount demanded does not exceed \$10,000	·
exceeds \$10,000, but does not exceed \$25,000	22STCV26366
ACTION IS AN UNLIMITED CIVIL CASE (exceeds \$25,000)	22310020300
ACTION IS RECLASSIFIED by this amended complaint	
from limited to unlimited	
from unlimited to limited	
1. Plaintiff (name or names): Vardan Grigoryan	
alleges causes of action against defendant (name or names):	
TARGET CORPORATION, and Does 1 to 20	
2. This pleading, including attachments and exhibits, consists of the following number of pa	ges: 5
3. Each plaintiff named above is a competent adult	
a. except plaintiff (name):	
(1) a corporation qualified to do business in California	
(2) an unincorporated entity (describe):	
(3) a public entity (describe):	
(4) a minor an adult	
(a) for whom a guardian or conservator of the estate or a guard	dian ad litem has been appointed
(b) other (specify):	
(5) other (specify):	
b. except plaintiff (name):	
(1) a corporation qualified to do business in California	
(2) an unincorporated entity (describe):	
(3) a public entity (describe):	
(4) a minor an adult	
(a) for whom a guardian or conservator of the estate or a guard	tian ad litem has been appointed
(b) other (specify):	
(5) other (specify):	
Information about additional plaintiffs who are not competent adults is shown in Atta	schment 3.
The second secon	Page 1 of 3

P	ı	n	۱_	P	ı.	-C	ì	n	•

SU/	DRT TITLE:		CASE NUMBER:
1	rigoryan v. TARGET CORPORATION		CASE NUMBER:
4.	Plaintiff (name): is doing business under the fictitious name (specify):		
5. Ea.	and has complied with the fictitious business name laws. ach defendant named above is a natural person except defendant (name): Target Corporation (1) a business organization, form unknown (2) a corporation (3) an unincorporated entity (describe):	(2) a co	dant (name): siness organization, form unknown rporation unincorporated entity (describe):
	(4) a public entity (describe):	(4) ари	blic entity (describe):
	(5) other (specify):	(5) othe	er (specify):
b.	except defendant (name): (1) a business organization, form unknown	d. except defend	•
	(1) a business organization, form unknown(2) a corporation	· · · —	siness organization, form unknown rporation
	(3) an unincorporated entity (describe):	(3) an u	inincorporated entity (describe):
	(4) a public entity (describe):	(4) ари	blic entity (describe):
	(5) other (specify):	(5) othe	er (specify):
	Information about additional defendants who are not naturally true names of defendants sued as Does are unknown to place. Doe defendants (specify Doe numbers): 1 to 5	aintiff. wer	e the agents or employees of other
	named defendants and acted within the scope of that b. Doe defendants (specify Doe numbers): 6 to 20	. ,	persons whose capacities are unknown to
7. [plaintiff. Defendants who are joined under Code of Civil Procedure	section 382 are (name	e)·
	This court is the proper court because a at least one defendant now resides in its jurisdictional b the principal place of business of a defendant corpora c injury to person or damage to personal property occur d other (specify):	tion or unincorporated a	
	Plaintiff is required to comply with a claims statute, and a has complied with applicable claims statutes, or b is excused from complying because (specify):		

	PLD-PI-001
SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER:
Grigoryan v. TARGET CORPORATION	•
10. The following causes of action are attached and the statements above apply to each (causes of action attached): a.	each complaint must have one or more
11. Plaintiff has suffered a. wage loss b. loss of use of property c. hospital and medical expenses d. general damage e. property damage f. loss of earning capacity g. other damage (specify):	
12. The damages claimed for wrongful death and the relationships of plaintiff to the control light discharge to the control	deceased are
a. Illisted in Attachment 12. b. as follows:	
b. [] as follows:	
•	
13. The relief sought in this complaint is within the jurisdiction of this court.	
Los Angeles Superior Court	
•	
 14. Plaintiff prays for judgment for costs of suit; for such relief as is fair, just, and equitable a. (1) compensatory damages (2) punitive damages The amount of damages is (in cases for personal injury or wrongful death, you must 	
(1) according to proof	
(2) in the amount of: \$	
15. The paragraphs of this complaint alleged on information and belief are as follows 6	(specify paragraph numbers):
	•
Date: 08/15/2022	
Date: 00/13/2022	
Armen Kiramijyan	
	NATURE OF PLAINTIFF OR ATTORNEY)

	PLD-PI-001(4
SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER:
Grigoryan v. TARGET CORPORATION	
First CAUSE OF ACTION—Premises L	_iability Page 4
(number)	<u> </u>
ATTACHMENT TO Complaint Cross-Complaint Cross-Complaint	
(Use a separate cause of action form for each cause of action.)	
Prem.L-1. (name): Vardan Grigoryan	nlointiff
alleges the acts of defendants were the legal (proximate) cause of damages to	•
	e following premises in the following
fashion (description of premises and circumstances of injury):	04.0.4.1.4.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4
Plaintiff fell on the premises located at 1800 Empire Avenue, Burbank, CA 9150 premises in a reasonably safe condition by leaving a slippery substance on the substance and fell. Defendants created a dangerous condition by leaving a slip	floor. Plaintiff slipped on the slippery
Prem.L-2. Count One—Negligence The defendants who negligently owned, mair operated the described premises were (names): TARGET CORPORATION	ntained, managed and
* Does 1 to 20	
Prem.L-3. Count Two—Willful Failure to Warn [Civil Code section 846] The defe or maliciously failed to guard or warn against a dangerous condition, us (names):	
Does to	
	paying guest.
Prem.L-4. Count Three—Dangerous Condition of Public Property The defends on which a dangerous condition existed were (names):	, ,,
Doesto a The defendant public entity had actual cons dangerous condition in sufficient time prior to the injury to hab The condition was created by employees of the defendant public entity had actual considerable prior to the injury to habe The condition was created by employees of the defendant public entity had actual considerable prior to the injury to habe The condition was created by employees of the defendant public entity had actual considerable prior to the injury to habe the condition was created by employees of the defendant public entity had actual considerable prior to the injury to habe the condition was created by employees of the defendant public entity had actual the condition was created by employees of the defendant public entity had actual the condition was created by employees of the defendant public entity had actual the condition was created by employees of the defendant public entity had	
Prem.L-5.a. * Allegations about Other Defendants The defendants who were the defendants and acted within the scope of the agency were (names): TARGET CORPORATION	agents and employees of the other
b. Does 1 to 5 The defendants who are liable to plaintiffs for other reasons and the reduced described in attachment Prem.L-5.b as follows (names):	easons for their liability are
	Page 1 of ¹

CAUSE OF ACTION—Premises Liability

Code of Civil Procedure, § 425.12 www.courts.ca.gov

Form Approved for Optional Use
Judicial Council of California PLDPI-001(4) [Rev. January 1, 2007]
For your protection and privacy, please press the Clear
[This Form button after you have printed the form.]

Print this form

Save this form

Clear this form

		PLD-I	PI-001(2)
SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER:		
Grigoryan v. TARGET CORPORATION			
Second (number) CAUSE OF ACTION—General	Negligence	Page	5
ATTACHMENT TO Complaint Cross - Complaint			
(Use a separate cause of action form for each cause of action.)			
GN-1. Plaintiff (name): Vardan Grigoryan			
alleges that defendant (name): TARGET CORPORATION, and			
\checkmark Does 1 to 20			
was the legal (proximate) cause of damages to plaintiff. By the following ac negligently caused the damage to plaintiff	ets or omissions to act,	defendant	

(description of reasons for liability):

at (place): 1800 Empire Ave, Burbank, CA 91504

on (date): 11/08/2020

Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendant TARGET CORPORATION and/or Defendants Does 1 to 20 (collectively "Defendants") owned, maintained, and/or managed the supermarket located at 1800 Empire Ave, Burbank, CA 91504 ("Premises"). Plaintiff fell when he was at the Premises. Defendants had a duty to maintain the Premises in a reasonably safe condition. Defendants left a slippery substance on the floor at the Premises. Defendants created a dangerous condition by leaving the slippery substance on the floor at the Premises. The dangerous condition created by the Defendants caused Plaintiff to fall and sustain injuries. Defendants breached their duty by failing to clean the Premises and leaving the slippery substance on the floor. Defendants' negligence was a substantial factor in causing injuries to Plaintiff.



Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR) INFORMATION PACKAGE

THE PLAINTIFF MUST SERVE THIS ADR INFORMATION PACKAGE ON EACH PARTY WITH THE COMPLAINT.

CROSS-COMPLAINANTS must serve this ADR Information Package on any new parties named to the action with the cross-complaint.

What is ADR?

ADR helps people find solutions to their legal disputes without going to trial. The main types of ADR are negotiation, mediation, arbitration, and settlement conferences. When ADR is done by phone, videoconference or computer, it may be called Online Dispute Resolution (ODR). These alternatives to litigation and trial are described below.

Advantages of ADR

- Saves Time: ADR is faster than going to trial.
- Saves Money: Parties can save on court costs, attorney's fees, and witness fees.
- Keeps Control (with the parties): Parties choose their ADR process and provider for voluntary ADR.
- Reduces Stress/Protects Privacy: ADR is done outside the courtroom, in private offices, by phone or online.

Disadvantages of ADR

- Costs: If the parties do not resolve their dispute, they may have to pay for ADR, litigation, and trial.
- No Public Trial: ADR does not provide a public trial or a decision by a judge or jury.

Main Types of ADR

- 1. **Negotiation**: Parties often talk with each other in person, or by phone or online about resolving their case with a settlement agreement instead of a trial. If the parties have lawyers, they will negotiate for their clients.
- 2. **Mediation**: In mediation, a neutral mediator listens to each person's concerns, helps them evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of their case, and works with them to try to create a settlement agreement that is acceptable to all. Mediators do not decide the outcome. Parties may go to trial if they decide not to settle.

Mediation may be appropriate when the parties

- want to work out a solution but need help from a neutral person.
- have communication problems or strong emotions that interfere with resolution.

Mediation may not be appropriate when the parties

- want a public trial and want a judge or jury to decide the outcome.
- lack equal bargaining power or have a history of physical/emotional abuse.

LASC CIV 271 Rev. 02/22 For Mandatory Use

How to Arrange Mediation in Los Angeles County

Mediation for civil cases is voluntary and parties may select any mediator they wish. Options include:

a. The Civil Mediation Vendor Resource List

If all parties in an active civil case agree to mediation, they may contact these organizations to request a "Resource List Mediation" for mediation at reduced cost or no cost (for selected cases).

- ADR Services, Inc. Case Manager Elizabeth Sanchez, <u>elizabeth@adrservices.com</u> (949) 863-9800
- Mediation Center of Los Angeles Program Manager info@mediationLA.org (833) 476-9145

These organizations cannot accept every case and they may decline cases at their discretion. They may offer online mediation by video conference for cases they accept. Before contacting these organizations, review important information and FAQs at www.lacourt.org/ADR.Res.List

NOTE: The Civil Mediation Vendor Resource List program does not accept family law, probate or small claims cases.

b. Los Angeles County Dispute Resolution Programs
https://hrc.lacounty.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/05/DRP-Fact-Sheet-23October19-Current-as-of-October-2019-1.pdf

Day of trial mediation programs have been paused until further notice.

Online Dispute Resolution (ODR). Parties in small claims and unlawful detainer (eviction) cases should carefully review the Notice and other information they may receive about (ODR) requirements for their case.

- c. Mediators and ADR and Bar organizations that provide mediation may be found on the internet.
- 3. **Arbitration**: Arbitration is less formal than trial, but like trial, the parties present evidence and arguments to the person who decides the outcome. In "binding" arbitration, the arbitrator's decision is final; there is no right to trial. In "nonbinding" arbitration, any party can request a trial after the arbitrator's decision. For more information about arbitration, visit http://www.courts.ca.gov/programs-adr.htm
- 4. Mandatory SettlementConferences (MSC): MSCs are ordered by the Court and are often held close to the trial date or on the day of trial. The parties and their attorneys meet with a judge or settlement officer who does not make a decision but who instead assists the parties in evaluating the strengths and weaknesses of the case and in negotiating a settlement. For information about the Court's MSC programs for civil cases, visit http://www.lacourt.org/division/civil/C10047.aspx

Los Angeles Superior Court ADR website: http://www.lacourt.org/division/civil/C10109.aspx
For general information and videos about ADR, visit http://www.courts.ca.gov/programs-adr.htm

LASC CIV 271 Rev. 02/22 For Mandatory Use

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES		
COURTHOUSE ADDRESS: Spring Street Courthouse 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012	FILED Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles 08/15/2022 Sherri R. Canter, Executive Officer / Clerk of Coun	
NOTICE OF CASE ASSIGNMENT - UNLIMITED PERSONAL INJURY CIVIL CASES ASSIGNED TO THE PERSONAL INJURY HUB COURTS	8y: R. Pareź Deputy	
Your case is assigned to the judicial officer indicated below in the Personal Injury Hub Court for all purposes, except for trial.	CASE NUMBER: 22STCV26366	

THIS FORM IS TO BE SERVED WITH THE SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT

	ASSIGNED JUDICIAL OFFICER	DEPT.
~	Audra Mori	. 31

FINAL STATUS CONFER	KENCE:			
·	DATE:	01/29/2024	at 10:00 a.m.	
TRIAL DATE:				
	DATE:	02/13/2024	at 8:30 a.m.	
ORDER TO SHOW CAUS	SE RE: DISMIS	SAL (Code of Civ	Procedure, section 583.210	<u>)</u>
	DATE:	08/12/2024	at 8:30 a.m.	
Civen to the Plaintiff / Atten	nov of Doosed			
Given to the Plaintiff / Attor	ney of Record			
On 08/16/2022		ę	perri P. Cartor, Evecutive Offic	or / Clark of Court

NOTICE OF CASE ASSIGNMENT - UNLIMITED CIVIL PERSONAL INJURY CASES

By R. Perez

LASC CIV 295 NEW 05/22 For Mandatory Use

(Date)

Deputy Clerk

Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer / Clerk of Court

INSTRUCTIONS FOR HANDLING UNLIMITED PERSONAL INJURY CIVIL CASES

The following critical provisions of the California Rules of Court, Title 3, Division 7, as applicable in the Superior Court are summarized for your assistance.

APPLICATION

The Division 7 Rules were effective January 1, 2007. They apply to all general civil cases.

PRIORITY OVER OTHER RULES

The Division 7 Rules shall have priority over all other Local Rules to the extent the others are inconsistent.

CHALLENGE TO ASSIGNED JUDICIAL OFFICER

A challenge under Code of Civil Procedure Section 170.6 must be made within 15 days after notice of assignment for all purpose to a judicial officer, or if a party has not yet appeared, within 15 days of the first appearance.

TIME STANDARDS

Cases assignment to the Personal Injury Hub Courts will be subjected to processing under the standards listed below.

COMPLAINTS

All complaints shall be served within 60 days of filing and proof of service shall be filed within 90 days. Failure to do so may result in the imposition of sanctions.

CROSS-COMPLAINTS

Without leave of court first being obtained, no cross-complaint may be filed by any party after their answer is filed. Cross-complaints shall be served within 30 days of the filing date and a proof of service filed within 60 days of the filing date.

FINAL STATUS CONFERENCE

The Court will require the parties to attend a final status conference not more than eight court days before the scheduled trial date. All parties shall have motions in limine, bifurcation motions, statements of major evidentiary issues, dispositive motions, requested form jury instructions, special jury instructions, and special jury verdicts timely filed and served prior to the conference. These matters may be heard and resolved at this conference. At least five days before this conference, counsel must also have exchanged lists of exhibits and witnesses and have submitted to the court a brief statement of the case to be read to the jury panel as required by Chapter Three of the Los Angeles Superior Court Rules.

SANCTIONS

The court will impose appropriate sanctions for the failure or refusal to comply with Chapter Three Rules, orders made by the Court and time standards, or deadlines established by the Court or by Chapter Three Rules. Such sanctions may be on a party, or if appropriate on counsel for a party.

This is not a complete delineation of the Division 7 or Chapter Three Rules, and adherence only to the above provisions is therefore not a guarantee against the imposition of sanctions under Trial Court Delay Reduction. Careful reading and compliance with the actual Chapter Rules is imperative.

Class Actions

Pursuant to Local Rule 2.3, all class actions shall be filed at the Stanley Mosk Courthouse and are randomly assigned to a complex judge at the designated complex courthouse. If the case is found not to be a class action it will be returned to a PI Hub Court for all purposes except for trial or an Independent Calendar Courtroom for all purposes depending on the PI Case Type.

*Provisionally Complex Cases

Cases filed as provisionally complex are initially assigned to the Supervising Judge of complex litigation for determination of complex status. If the case is deemed to be complex within the meaning of California Rules of Court 3.400 et seq., it will be randomly assigned to a complex judge at the designated complex courthouse. If the case is found not to be complex, it will be returned to a PI Hub Court for all purposes except for trial or an Independent Calendar Courtroom for all purposes depending on the PI Case Type.

NOTICE OF CASE ASSIGNMENT - UNLIMITED CIVIL PERSONAL INJURY CASES

LASC CIV 295 NEW 05/22 For Mandatory Use

VOLUNTARY EFFICIENT LITIGATION STIPULATIONS

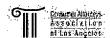


Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles



Los Angeles County Bar Association Litigation Section

Los Angeles County Bar Association Labor and Employment Law Section



Consumer Attorneys
Association of Los Angeles



Southern California Defense Counsel





California Employment Lawyers Association

The Early Organizational Meeting Stipulation, Discovery Resolution Stipulation, and Motions in Limine Stipulation are voluntary stipulations entered into by the parties. The parties may enter into one, two, or all three of the stipulations; however, they may not alter the stipulations as written, because the Court wants to ensure uniformity of application. These stipulations are meant to encourage cooperation between the parties and to assist in resolving issues in a manner that promotes economic case resolution and judicial efficiency.

The following organizations endorse the goal of promoting efficiency in litigation and ask that counsel consider using these stipulations as a voluntary way to promote communications and procedures among counsel and with the court to fairly resolve issues in their cases.

- **♦Los Angeles County Bar Association Litigation Section**
 - **♦** Los Angeles County Bar Association Labor and Employment Law Section **♦**
 - **♦**Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles **♦**
 - **♦**Southern California Defense Counsel**♦**
 - ◆Association of Business Trial Lawyers◆
 - **♦**California Employment Lawyers Association **♦**

NAME AND ADDRESS OF ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY:	STATE BAR NUMBER	Reserved for Clerk's File Stamp
TELEPHONE NO.: FA E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional): ATTORNEY FOR (Name): SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA,		
COURTHOUSE ADDRESS:	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	
PLAINTIFF: DEFENDANT:		
STIPULATION – EARLY ORGAN	NIZATIONAL MEETING	CASE NUMBER:

This stipulation is intended to encourage cooperation among the parties at an early stage in the litigation and to assist the parties in efficient case resolution.

The parties agree that:

- 1. The parties commit to conduct an initial conference (in-person or via teleconference or via videoconference) within 15 days from the date this stipulation is signed, to discuss and consider whether there can be agreement on the following:
 - a. Are motions to challenge the pleadings necessary? If the issue can be resolved by amendment as of right, or if the Court would allow leave to amend, could an amended complaint resolve most or all of the issues a demurrer might otherwise raise? If so, the parties agree to work through pleading issues so that a demurrer need only raise issues they cannot resolve. Is the issue that the defendant seeks to raise amenable to resolution on demurrer, or would some other type of motion be preferable? Could a voluntary targeted exchange of documents or information by any party cure an uncertainty in the pleadings?
 - b. Initial mutual exchanges of documents at the "core" of the litigation. (For example, in an employment case, the employment records, personnel file and documents relating to the conduct in question could be considered "core." In a personal injury case, an incident or police report, medical records, and repair or maintenance records could be considered "core.");
 - Exchange of names and contact information of witnesses;
 - d. Any insurance agreement that may be available to satisfy part or all of a judgment, or to indemnify or reimburse for payments made to satisfy a judgment;
 - e. Exchange of any other information that might be helpful to facilitate understanding, handling, or resolution of the case in a manner that preserves objections or privileges by agreement;
 - f. Controlling issues of law that, if resolved early, will promote efficiency and economy in other phases of the case. Also, when and how such issues can be presented to the Court;
 - g. Whether or when the case should be scheduled with a settlement officer, what discovery or court ruling on legal issues is reasonably required to make settlement discussions meaningful, and whether the parties wish to use a sitting judge or a private mediator or other options as

SHORT TITE	LE:		CASE NUMBER:	
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	discussed in the "Alternative Disp complaint;	ute Resolution (A	DR) Information Package" served wit	h the
h.	Computation of damages, including documents, not privileged or protected from disclosure, on which such computation is based;			
i.	Whether the case is suitable for the Expedited Jury Trial procedures (see information at www.lacourt.org under "Civil" and then under "General Information").			
2.	to for the for the for the for the complaint, which is comprised of the and the 30 days permitted by Cobeen found by the Civil Supervising this Stipulation. A copy of the Ge	e complaint, and he 30 days to res ade of Civil Proce ng Judge due to the meral Order can	pplaint or cross-complaint will be exterminated for the composition of	ross- 16(b), aving ed by
3.	and Early Organizational Meeting results of their meet and confer a efficient conduct or resolution of the	Stipulation, and nd advising the Cone case. The par	ratus Report Pursuant to Initial Confer if desired, a proposed order summan Court of any way it may assist the pa ties shall attach the Joint Status Rep and file the documents when the	rizing arties' ort to
4.		falls on a Saturda	therwise noted. If the date for perform ay, Sunday or Court holiday, then the Court day	
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NAME AND ADDRESS OF ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY:	STATE BAR NUMBER	Reserved for Clerk's File Stamp
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TELEPHONE NO.: FAX NO. E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional): ATTORNEY FOR (Name):	(Optional):	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, CO	-	
COURTHOUSE ADDRESS:		
PLAINTIFF:	, , , , , , , , -	-
DEFENDANT:		
STIPULATION - DISCOVERY	RESOLUTION	CASE NUMBER:

This stipulation is intended to provide a fast and informal resolution of discovery issues through limited paperwork and an informal conference with the Court to aid in the resolution of the issues.

The parties agree that:

- 1. Prior to the discovery cut-off in this action, no discovery motion shall be filed or heard unless the moving party first makes a written request for an Informal Discovery Conference pursuant to the terms of this stipulation.
- 2. At the Informal Discovery Conference the Court will consider the dispute presented by parties and determine whether it can be resolved informally. Nothing set forth herein will preclude a party from making a record at the conclusion of an Informal Discovery Conference, either orally or in writing.
- 3. Following a reasonable and good faith attempt at an informal resolution of each issue to be presented, a party may request an Informal Discovery Conference pursuant to the following procedures:
 - a. The party requesting the Informal Discovery Conference will:
 - i. File a Request for Informal Discovery Conference with the clerk's office on the approved form (copy attached) and deliver a courtesy, conformed copy to the assigned department;
 - ii. Include a brief summary of the dispute and specify the relief requested; and
 - iii. Serve the opposing party pursuant to any authorized or agreed method of service that ensures that the opposing party receives the Request for Informal Discovery Conference no later than the next court day following the filing.
 - b. Any Answer to a Request for Informal Discovery Conference must:
 - i. Also be filed on the approved form (copy attached);
 - ii. Include a brief summary of why the requested relief should be denied;

SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER:
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- iii. Be filed within two (2) court days of receipt of the Request; and
- iv. Be served on the opposing party pursuant to any authorized or agreed upon method of service that ensures that the opposing party receives the Answer no later than the next court day following the filing.
- c. No other pleadings, including but not limited to exhibits, declarations, or attachments, will be accepted.
- d. If the Court has not granted or denied the Request for Informal Discovery Conference within ten (10) days following the filing of the Request, then it shall be deemed to have been denied. If the Court acts on the Request, the parties will be notified whether the Request for Informal Discovery Conference has been granted or denied and, if granted, the date and time of the Informal Discovery Conference, which must be within twenty (20) days of the filing of the Request for Informal Discovery Conference.
- e. If the conference is not held within twenty (20) days of the filing of the Request for Informal Discovery Conference, unless extended by agreement of the parties and the Court, then the Request for the Informal Discovery Conference shall be deemed to have been denied at that time.
- 4. If (a) the Court has denied a conference or (b) one of the time deadlines above has expired without the Court having acted or (c) the Informal Discovery Conference is concluded without resolving the dispute, then a party may file a discovery motion to address unresolved issues.
- 5. The parties hereby further agree that the time for making a motion to compel or other discovery motion is tolled from the date of filing of the Request for Informal Discovery Conference until (a) the request is denied or deemed denied or (b) twenty (20) days after the filing of the Request for Informal Discovery Conference, whichever is earlier, unless extended by Order of the Court.
 - It is the understanding and intent of the parties that this stipulation shall, for each discovery dispute to which it applies, constitute a writing memorializing a "specific later date to which the propounding [or demanding or requesting] party and the responding party have agreed in writing," within the meaning of Code Civil Procedure sections 2030.300(c), 2031.320(c), and 2033.290(c).
- 6. Nothing herein will preclude any party from applying *ex parte* for appropriate relief, including an order shortening time for a motion to be heard concerning discovery.
- 7. Any party may terminate this stipulation by giving twenty-one (21) days notice of intent to terminate the stipulation.
- 8. References to "days" mean calendar days, unless otherwise noted. If the date for performing any act pursuant to this stipulation falls on a Saturday, Sunday or Court holiday, then the time for performing that act shall be extended to the next Court day.

Case 2:22-cv-06617-JFW-PD Document 1 Filed 09/15/22 Page 23 of 74 Page ID #:23

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PLAINTIFF	·				
		_			
DEFENDA	NT:				
			CAOS AU IMPER		
	INFORMAL DISCOVERY CONI		CASE NUMBER:		
	(pursuant to the Discovery Resolution Stipula	ation of the parties)			
1.	This document relates to:				
	Request for Informal Discovery	Conference			
	Answer to Request for Informal				
2	·		As 40 salandar dava fallavira filias af		
	Deadline for Court to decide on Request: the Request).				
3.	Deadline for Court to hold Informal Discov days following filing of the Request).	ery Conference:	(insert date 20 calendar		
4	For a Request for Informal Discovery	v Conference, briefly de	scribe the nature of the		
••	discovery dispute, including the facts				
	Request for Informal Discovery Confer				
	the requested discovery, including the facts and legal arguments at issue.				
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INFORMAL DISCOVERY CONFERENCE

(pursuant to the Discovery Resolution Stipulation of the parties)

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Exhibit A Page 600024

NAME AND ADDRESS OF ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY:	STATE BAR NUMBER	Reserved for Clerk's File Slamp
TELEPHONE NO.: FA E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional):	X NO. (Optional):	
ATTORNEY FOR (Name):		
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA,	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES]
COURTHOUSE ADDRESS:		
PLAINTIFF:		1
DEFENDANT:		
STIPULATION AND ORDER -	MOTIONS IN LIMINE	CASE NUMBER:

This stipulation is intended to provide fast and informal resolution of evidentiary issues through diligent efforts to define and discuss such issues and limit paperwork.

The parties agree that:

- 1. At least ____ days before the final status conference, each party will provide all other parties with a list containing a one paragraph explanation of each proposed motion in limine. Each one paragraph explanation must identify the substance of a single proposed motion in limine and the grounds for the proposed motion.
- 2. The parties thereafter will meet and confer, either in person or via teleconference or videoconference, concerning all proposed motions in limine. In that meet and confer, the parties will determine:
 - a. Whether the parties can stipulate to any of the proposed motions. If the parties so stipulate, they may file a stipulation and proposed order with the Court.
 - b. Whether any of the proposed motions can be briefed and submitted by means of a short joint statement of issues. For each motion which can be addressed by a short joint statement of issues, a short joint statement of issues must be filed with the Court 10 days prior to the final status conference. Each side's portion of the short joint statement of issues may not exceed three pages. The parties will meet and confer to agree on a date and manner for exchanging the parties' respective portions of the short joint statement of issues and the process for filing the short joint statement of issues.
- 3. All proposed motions in limine that are not either the subject of a stipulation or briefed via a short joint statement of issues will be briefed and filed in accordance with the California Rules of Court and the Los Angeles Superior Court Rules.

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LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT

MAY 11 2011

JOHN A. CLARKE, CLERK
N. NOVANO
BY NANCY NAVARRO, DEPUTY

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

General Order Re	
Use of Voluntary Efficient Litigation	
Stipulations	

ORDER PURSUANT TO CCP 1054(a), EXTENDING TIME TO RESPOND BY 30 DAYS WHEN PARTIES AGREE TO EARLY ORGANIZATIONAL MEETING STIPULATION

Whereas the Los Angeles Superior Court and the Executive Committee of the Litigation Section of the Los Angeles County Bar Association have cooperated in drafting "Voluntary Efficient Litigation Stipulations" and in proposing the stipulations for use in general jurisdiction civil litigation in Los Angeles County;

Whereas the Los Angeles County Bar Association Litigation Section; the Los Angeles County Bar Association Labor and Employment Law Section; the Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles; the Association of Southern California Defense Counsel; the Association of Business Trial Lawyers of Los Angeles; and the California Employment Lawyers Association all "endorse the goal of promoting efficiency in litigation, and ask that counsel consider using these stipulations as a voluntary way to promote communications and procedures among counsel and with the court to fairly resolve issues in their cases;"

Whereas the Early Organizational Meeting Stipulation is intended to encourage cooperation among the parties at an early stage in litigation in order to achieve litigation efficiencies;

Whereas it is intended that use of the Early Organizational Meeting Stipulation will promote economic case resolution and judicial efficiency;

Whereas, in order to promote a meaningful discussion of pleading issues at the Early Organizational Meeting and potentially to reduce the need for motions to challenge the pleadings, it is necessary to allow additional time to conduct the Early Organizational Meeting before the time to respond to a complaint or cross complaint has expired;

Whereas Code of Civil Procedure section 1054(a) allows a judge of the court in which an action is pending to extend for not more than 30 days the time to respond to a pleading "upon good cause shown";

Now, therefore, this Court hereby finds that there is good cause to extend for 30 days the time to respond to a complaint or to a cross complaint in any action in which the parties have entered into the Early Organizational Meeting Stipulation. This finding of good cause is based on the anticipated judicial efficiency and benefits of economic case resolution that the Early Organizational Meeting Stipulation is intended to promote.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that, in any case in which the parties have entered into an Early Organizational Meeting Stipulation, the time for a defending party to respond to a complaint or cross complaint shall be extended by the 30 days permitted

by Code of Civil Procedure section 1054(a) without further need of a specific court order. Carolyn B. Kuhl Supervising Judge of the Civil Departments, Los Angeles Superior Court 26:

2022-SJ-008-02 Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles 1 MAY 0'4 2022 2 Sherri R. Carter, Mcutive Officer/Cierk 3 Anous**i** Mchitarian 4 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 5 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES - CENTRAL DISTRICT 6 In re Personal Injury Cases Assigned to the) SEVENTH AMENDED STANDING 7 ORDER FOR PROCEDURES IN THE Personal Injury Hub Courts (Spring Street PERSONAL INJURY HUB COURTS 8 Courthouse) **EFFECTIVE MAY 16, 2022 (REVISED** 05/04/2022) 9 10 STANDING ORDER RE: PROCEDURES AT PERSONAL INJURY 11 HUB COURTS AT THE SPRING STREET COURTHOUSE 12 The Superior Court of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles (Superior Court, 13 Los Angeles County), hereby issues the following order prescribing the procedures to be 14 followed in the Personal Injury Hub Courts at the Spring Street Courthouse. 15 1. Authority 16 This order is being made pursuant to the Code of Civil Procedure, the California Rules 17 of Court, rule 3.720, and the Superior Court, Los Angeles County, Local Rules, rule 3.23. It 18 supersedes the following General and Standing Orders: 19 20 A. Amended General Order Re: General Jurisdiction Personal Injury Cases – Filing Location (5/16/2014); 21 B. First Amended Standing Order Re: Final Status Conference, Personal Injury 22 ("Pl") Courts (4/16/2018); 23 **PAGE 1 OF 19** SEVENTH AMENDED STANDING ORDER FOR PROCEDURES IN

THE PERSONAL INJURY HUB COURT

Exhibit A, Page 000030

1 First Amended Standing Order Re: Personal Injury Procedures at the Spring 2 Street Courthouse (2/24/2020); 3 C. Third Amended Standing Order Re: Final Status Conference, Personal Injury 4 ("PI") Courts (2/24/2020); 5 D. Fifth Amended Standing Order Re: Mandatory Settlement Conference (2/24/20); 6 E. Amended Supplemental Standing Order re Covid Protective Measures Related to Final Status Conferences in Personal Injury Cases at the Spring Street Courthouse 7 8 (12/22/2020);9 F. Sixth Amended Standing Order Re: Mandatory Settlement Conference (6/23/21); 10 and 11 G. Second Amended Supplemental Standing Order re Covid Protective Measures Related to Final Status Conferences in Personal Injury Cases at the Spring Street 12 13 Courthouse (10/08/2021). 14 2. Definition of Personal Injury (PI) Cases As prescribed by the Superior Court, Los Angeles County, Local Rules, rule 2.3(a)(1)(A), 15 16 "personal injury" cases are those alleging injuries arising from: ☐ 2201 Motor Vehicle – Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death 17 18 ☐ 4601 Uninsured Motorist – Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death 19 □ 2301 Premises Liability (e.g., dangerous conditions of property, slip/trip and fall, 20 dog attack, etc.) 21 ☐ 2302 Intentional Bodily Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., assault, 22 battery, vandalism, etc.) 23 ☐ 2303 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress **PAGE 2 OF 19** SEVENTH AMENDED STANDING ORDER FOR PROCEDURES IN THE PERSONAL INJURY HUB COURT

☐ 2304 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death 1 ☐ 2307 Construction Accidents 2 3 The Superior Court, Los Angeles County, will assign a case to the PI Hub Courts if 4 plaintiff(s) checks any of the above boxes on the Civil Case Cover Sheet Addendum and 5 Statement of Location (Form LASC CIV 109). 6 However, cases alleging causes of action for product liability, medical or health 7 professional malpractice, elder abuse, sexual abuse, and habitability issues will not be assigned 8 to the PI Hub Courts. If any of the following boxes are checked on the Civil Case Cover Sheet 9 Addendum and Statement of Location, the case will be assigned to an Independent Calendar 10 Court: 11 ☐ 2401 Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) 12 ☐ 2402 Product Liability – Song-Beverly Consumer Warranty Act (Civil Code, sections 1790-1795.8) (Lemon Law) 13 14 ☐ 2305 Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse and Claims Against Skilled Nursing Facility 15 ☐ 2306 Intentional Conduct - Sexual Abuse Case (in any form) 16 ☐ 2308 Landlord - Tenant Habitability (e.g., bed bugs, mold, etc.) ☐ 4501 Medical Malpractice - Physicians & Surgeons 17 ☐ 4502 Other Professional Health Care Malpractice 18 Independent Calendar Courts will handle such cases for all purposes, including trial. 19 3. Assignment to PI Hub Court and Final Status Conference, Trial, and Order to Show 20 **Cause Dates** 21 All PI cases filed in Los Angeles County (with the exception of those filed in the Michael 22 Antonovich Antelope Valley Courthouse) will be assigned to a PI Hub Court located at 312 23 SEVENTH AMENDED STANDING ORDER FOR PROCEDURES IN THE PERSONAL INJURY HUB COURT

North Spring Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012. In addition, upon filing, a case will be assigned a Trial date approximately 18 months from the filing date, a Final Status Conference (FSC) date approximately eight court days prior to the Trial date, and a date for a hearing on an Order to Show Cause why the case should not be dismissed pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure sections 583.410 and 583.420(a)(1) approximately 24 months from the filing date.

4. Transferring Cases from the PI Hub Courts

The PI Hub Courts may transfer a case *sua sponte* based upon a determination that the case is either not a PI case or that it requires more case management than the PI Hub Courts can provide, given their case inventories.

5. Filing of Documents

Except for self-represented litigants or counsel who have obtained an exemption from mandatory electronic filing, parties must electronically file documents. Filings are no longer accepted via facsimile. The requirements for electronic filing are detailed in the Superior Court, Los Angeles County's operative General Order Re Mandatory Electronic Filing for Civil, available online at https://www.lacourt.org/division/efiling/pdf/GenOrdCivilEfiling.pdf.

6. Service of Summons and Complaint

Plaintiff(s) shall serve the summons and complaint upon Defendant(s) within 60 days of filing of the complaint. (California Rules of Court, rule 3.110 (b).) Failure to do so may result in the imposition of sanctions. (Code of Civil Procedure, sections 128, 177.5; California Rules of Court, rule 2.30.) In addition, at a hearing on an Order to Show Cause re Dismissal (described in Paragraph three above), the PI Hub Courts may dismiss the case and/or all unserved parties unless Plaintiff(s) shows cause why the case or the unserved parties should not be dismissed. (Code of Civil Procedure, sections 583.410, 583.420(a)(2).).

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7. Stipulations to Advance or Continue Trial

The Court may honor stipulations by all parties to a case to advance or continue a trial, provided that the proposed trial date is not beyond 24 months of the filing of the complaint, without a showing of good cause.

To advance or continue a trial date, the parties (or their counsel of record) should jointly execute and submit a (Proposed) Order and Stipulation to Continue Trial, FSC [and Related Motion/Discovery Dates Personal Injury Courts Only (Central District)] (LACIV-CTRL242). The PI Hub Courts schedule FSCs at 10:00 a.m., approximately eight court days before the trial date. Parties seeking to advance or continue trial and FSC dates shall file the stipulation at least eight court days before the existing FSC date. (Code of Civil Procedure, section 595.2; Government Code, section 70617(c)(2).) In selecting a new trial date, parties should avoid setting on Mondays, or Tuesdays following a court holiday.

Parties may submit a maximum of two stipulations to continue trial for a total continuance of six months before 24 months of the filing of the complaint. Other requests to continue trial will be granted only upon a showing of good cause by noticed motion.

8. No Case Management Conferences

The PI Hub Courts do not conduct case management conferences. Thus, the parties need not file a Case Management Conference Statement.

9. Law and Motion

A. Reservation Hearing Date

Parties must reserve hearing dates for motions in the PI Hub Courts using the Court Reservation System (CRS) available online (www.lacourt.org). After reserving a motion hearing date, the reservation requestor must submit the moving papers for filing with the reservation

receipt number printed on the face page of the document under the caption and attach the reservation receipt as the last page. Parties or counsel who are unable to utilize the online CRS to reserve a hearing date may contact the assigned PI Hub Court for assistance, Monday through Friday, between 3:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m.

As soon as a reservation requestor realizes that a motion hearing, or other proceeding requiring a reservation in the PI Hub Courts, such as in Informal Discovery Conference (IDC) will not be necessary, the reservation requestor shall immediately use CRS to cancel the reservation for the motion hearing, or other proceeding requiring a reservation.

If the moving party deems the hearing date to be too far in the future (for example, after the trial date), parties should check CRS from time to time because earlier hearing dates may become available as cases settle or hearings are taken off calendar. The Court will not advance a hearing date because it is set after a trial date. If a hearing is set after the trial date, the moving party should seek to continue the trial, by noticed motion, instead. (See, Section 10. Ex Parte Applications, below.)

B. Electronically Filed Documents

Any and all electronically filed documents must be text searchable and bookmarked pursuant to the operative General Order re Mandatory Electronic Filing in Civil.

C. Courtesy Copies

Courtesy copies are required for Ex Parte Applications, Motions for Summary Judgment,
Oppositions to Ex Parte Applications and Motions for, Oppositions to, and Replies to
Oppositions to Motions for Summary Judgment or Summary Adjudication.

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Courtesy copies must be submitted directly to the assigned PI Hub Court at the Spring Street Courthouse. The PI Hub Courts strongly encourage the parties filing and opposing lengthy motions for summary judgment or adjudication, to submit one or more three-ring binders organizing the courtesy copies behind tabs. Any courtesy copies of documents with declarations and/or exhibits must be tabbed. (California Rules of Court, rule 3.1110(f).) All deposition excerpts referenced in briefs must be marked on the transcripts attached as exhibits. (California Rules of Court, rule 3.1116(c).) Courtesy copies, including any media attached thereto, will be destroyed by the Court without notice following the hearing.

D. Withdrawal of Motions

If a moving party takes a motion off a PI Hub Court's calendar, the moving party must notify the court immediately and should remove the item from the Court's calendar on CRS. (California Rules of Court, rule 3.1304(b).) If, in response to a demurrer or a motion to strike, a party exercises its right to amend a pleading as prescribed by Code of Civil Procedure section 472(a), the Court requests that party work with the party who filed the demurrer or motion to strike to take the demurrer or motion to strike off calendar so that the PI Hub Courts do not needlessly prepare tentative rulings.

E. Motions to Compel Further Responses to Discovery

PI Hub Courts will not hear Motions to Compel Further Discovery Responses to Discovery until the parties have engaged in an Informal Discovery Conference (IDC).

PI Hub Courts may deny or continue a Motion to Compel Further Responses to Discovery unless the parties have participated in an IDC before the scheduled hearing on a motion to compel further discovery responses.

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After meeting and conferring about available dates for an IDC, the moving/propounding party shall reserve an IDC through CRS (see paragraph 9 above) and provide notice of the reserved IDC to the opposing/responding party by filing and serving an Informal Discovery Conference Form for Personal Injury Courts <u>LASC CIV 239</u> at least 15 court days before the IDC and attach the CRS reservation receipt as the last page. The IDC will not be "scheduled" by the court until the IDC Form is filed. The opposing/responding party may file and serve a responsive IDC Form at least 10 court days before the IDC. All parties shall briefly set forth their respective positions on the pending discovery issues on the IDC Form.

Ideally, the parties should participate in an IDC before a Motion to Compel Further Discovery Responses is filed because the IDC may avoid the necessity of such a motion or, at least, reduce its scope. Because of that possibility, parties are encouraged to stipulate to extend the deadline for filing a Motion to Compel Further Discovery Responses by 60 days in order to allow time to participate in an IDC and to informally resolve the pending discovery issues.

Note: Reserving or scheduling an IDC does not extend the time to file a Motion to Compel Further Discovery Responses.

If parties do not stipulate to extend the deadline(s) to file a Motion to Compel Further Discovery Responses, the moving/propounding party may file the motion to avoid it being deemed untimely. However, the IDC must take place before the motion is heard so it is suggested that the moving party reserve a date for the motion hearing that is at least 60 days after the date when an IDC is scheduled. Note: A party's failure to stipulate to extend the time to bring a Motion to Compel Further Discovery Responses so that an IDC may be held may subject the parties and/or counsel to the imposition of sanctions.

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The PI Hub Courts have found that, in most cases, IDCs are successful at assisting the parties to amicably resolve their discovery disputes, and in resolving the case as a whole. The purpose of the IDC is to assist the parties to resolve and/or narrow the scope of discovery disputes. Therefore, parties, through their respective counsel of record with full authority to make binding agreements, shall participate in the scheduled IDC. The PI Hub Courts have found that most discovery disputes result from a failure to meaningfully meet and confer on the pending discovery issues. The PI Hub Courts generally find that meeting and conferring by only exchanging letters and e-mails, as opposed to actual conversation, are insufficient and ineffective. Thus, in requesting an IDC, the parties must indicate on their IDC forms what efforts were made to informally resolve pending discovery issues, which must include in-person or virtual meetings or telephonic communications. (The PI Hub Courts require this same showing in declarations filed in support of, and in opposition to, Motions to Compel Further Discovery Responses.)

Time permitting, the PI Hub Courts may be available to conduct IDCs to resolve other types of discovery disputes.

10. Ex Parte Applications

The PI Hub Courts will only grant ex parte relief upon a showing, by admissible evidence, that the moving party will suffer "irreparable harm," "immediate danger," or where the moving party identifies "a statutory basis for granting relief ex parte." (California Rules of Court, rule 3.1202(c).) The PI Hub Courts have no capacity to hear multiple ex parte applications or to shorten time to add hearings to their fully booked motion calendars. Given the PI Hub Courts' impacted calendars, a PI Hub Court's unavailability for timely motion hearings is not an "immediate danger" or threat of "irreparable harm" justifying ex parte relief.

Instead of seeking ex parte relief, the moving party should reserve the earliest available motion hearing date (even if it is after the scheduled trial date) and file a noticed motion to continue the trial.

And, again, parties should check CRS from time to time because earlier hearing dates may become available as cases settle or hearings are taken off calendar.

11. Jury Fees

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Parties must pay jury fees no later than 365 calendar days after the filing of the initial complaint. (Code of Civil Procedure, § 631(c)(2).)

12. Final Status Conference

A. Purpose

The purpose of the FSC is to verify that the parties are completely ready to proceed with trial continuously and efficiently, from day to day, until verdict. The PI Hub Courts will verify at the FSC that all parties have (1) prepared all necessary trial documents, and (2) met and conferred in an effort to stipulate to ultimate facts, legal issues, Motions in Limine, and the authentication/foundation and admissibility of exhibits.

B. Trial Documents to Be Filed

At least five calendar days prior to the FSC, the parties shall serve and file the following Trial Readiness Documents:

1. Trial Briefs (Optional)

Each party may, but is not required to, file a trial brief succinctly identifying:

- a. the claims and defenses subject to litigation;
- b. the major legal issues (with supporting points and authorities);
- c. the relief claimed and calculation of damages sought; and

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d. any other information that may assist the court at trial.

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2. Motions in Limine

Before filing Motions in Limine, the parties shall comply with the statutory notice provisions of Code of Civil Procedure section 1005 and the requirements of the Superior Court, Los Angeles County, Local Rules, rule 3.57(a). The caption of each Motion in Limine shall concisely identify the evidence that the moving party seeks to preclude. Parties filing more than one Motion in Limine shall number them consecutively. Parties filing opposition and reply documents shall identify the corresponding motion number in the caption.

3. Joint Statement to Be Read to the Jury

For jury trials, the parties shall prepare and file a joint written statement of the case for the trial court to read to the jury. (Superior Court, Los Angeles County, Local Rules, rule 3.25(g)(4).)

4. Joint Witness List

The parties shall prepare and file a joint, alphabetized by last name, list of all witnesses that each party intends to call, excluding impeachment and rebuttal witnesses. (Superior Court, Los Angeles County, Local Rules, rule 3.25(g)(5).) The joint witness list shall identify each witness by name, specify which witnesses are non-experts and experts, estimate the length of the direct, cross, and re-direct examination of each witness, and include a total number of hours for all witness testimony. The parties shall identify all potential witness scheduling issues and special requirements. Any party who seeks to elicit testimony from a witness not identified on the witness list must first make a showing of good cause to the trial court.

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5. List of Proposed Jury Instructions (Joint and Contested)

The parties shall jointly prepare and file a list of proposed jury instructions, organized in numerical order, including columns to indicate whether an instruction is agreed to or contested. In addition, the List of Proposed Jury Instructions must include columns for a trial judge to indicate whether an instruction was given, given as modified, refused or withdrawn. (California Rules of Court, rule 2.1055.)

6. Jury Instructions (Joint and Contested)

The parties shall prepare a complete set of full text proposed jury instructions in a format ready for submission to the jury, by editing all proposed California Civil Jury Instructions including inserting party name(s) and eliminating blanks, brackets, and irrelevant material. The parties may prepare special instructions in a format ready for submission to the jury with the instruction number, title, and text only (i.e., there should be no boxes or other indication on the printed instruction itself as to which party is requesting the instruction).

7. Joint Verdict Form(s)

The parties shall prepare and jointly file a proposed general verdict form or special verdict form (with interrogatories) acceptable to all parties. (Superior Court, Los Angeles County, Local Rules, rule 3.25(g)(8).) If the parties cannot agree on a joint verdict form, each party must separately file a proposed verdict form.

8. Joint Exhibit List

The parties shall prepare and file a joint exhibit list organized with columns identifying each exhibit, setting forth stipulations, if any, to authenticity/foundation and admissibility of exhibits, and specifying evidentiary objections, if any, to the admission of an exhibit. If an objection to an exhibit is not articulated on the exhibit list, the trial court may deem the exhibit

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admitted. The parties shall meet and confer regarding stipulations to authenticity/foundation and admissibility of exhibits, and to resolve objections, if any, to the admission of an exhibit, before filing the Joint Exhibit List.

9. Page and Line Designation for Deposition and Former Testimony

If the parties intend to use deposition testimony or former trial testimony in lieu of any witness' live testimony, the parties shall meet and confer, and jointly prepare and file a chart with columns for each of the following: 1) the page and line designations of the deposition or former testimony requested for use, 2) objections, 3) counter-designations, 4) any responses thereto, and 5) the Court's ruling.

- C. Items to be Presented at the Final Status Conference
 - 1. Trial Binders

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The parties shall jointly prepare (and be ready to temporarily lodge) 3-ring binders containing conformed (filed in eCourt) copies of all the following:

- Tab A: Trial Briefs (Optional)
- Tab B: Motions in Limine

The parties shall organize Motions in Limine (tabbed in numerical order) with the opposition papers and reply papers for each motion placed directly behind the moving papers.

- Tab C: Joint Statement to Be Read to the Jury
- Tab D: Joint Witness List
 - Tab E: Joint List of Jury Instructions (identifying the agreed upon and contested instructions)
 - Tab F: Joint and Contested Jury Instructions

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The parties shall organize proposed jury instructions with the agreed upon instructions first in order followed by the contested instructions (including special instructions) submitted by each party.

Tab G: Joint and/or Contested Verdict Form(s)

Tab H: Joint Exhibit List

Tab I: Joint Chart of Page and Line Designation(s) for Deposition and Former Testimony
Tab J: Copies of the Current Operative Pleadings (including the operative complaint,
answer, cross-complaint, if any, and answer to any cross-complaint).

2. Filing and Electronic Submission of Trial Documents

In an effort to reduce the number of in-person appearances in the PI Hub Courts, in addition to the parties filing and serving the Trial Documents at least five calendar days prior to the FSC, two court days prior to the FSC, the parties must provide the PI Hub Court with the trial binders in electronic form (see below). This will allow parties to appear remotely for the FSC and provide the PI Hub Courts with the opportunity to review the trial binders to determine whether parties are ready for trial. Hard copies of the trial binders will continue to be required for the trial.

- a. The parties must submit in one PDF conformed copies of the joint statement of the case, joint witness list, joint list of jury instructions, full-text joint and contested jury instructions, joint and/or contested verdict form(s), joint exhibit list, joint deposition designation chart, and operative pleadings as listed in paragraph C.1. above (Tabs C through J).
- b. The trial briefs and Motions in Limine, oppositions, and replies, if any, must be submitted in a separate PDF as listed in paragraph C.1 above (Tabs A and B). If a

Motion in Limine and exhibits thereto exceed 10 pages, the parties may submit 1 2 just the face page of the motion. (The entire motion will still need to be brought to 3 the trial in the appropriate binder.) 4 c. The PDFs must be text searchable. 5 d. The PDFs must be bookmarked which is essentially an electronic tab so that the PI 6 Hub Court is able to find and navigate among the trial documents. 7 (See https://helpx.adobe.com/acrobat/using/page-thumbnails-bookmarks-8 pdfs.html for bookmarking instructions.) 9 e. The PDFs must be emailed to the applicable email address listed below: 10 Department 27 at ssedept27FSC@LACourt.org 11 Department 28 at ssedept28FSC@LACourt.org 12 Department 29 at sscdept29FSC@LACourt.org 13 Department 30 at sscdept30FSC@LACourt.org 14 Department 31 at sscdepi31FSC@LACourt.org 15 Department 32 at ssedept32FSC@LACourt.org 16 The subject line in the email must include identifying case information as follows: 17 [Insert Case Number] Trial Readiness Binder, FSC, [Insert MM/DD/YEAR of 18 Hearing Date] (e.g., 20STCV00001 Trial Readiness Binder, FSC 01/11/2022). 19 g. Each email should have two PDFs attached - one containing the trial documents and 20 the other containing the trial briefs and Motions in Limine, if applicable. 21 h. The parties need not email the evidentiary exhibit binders to the PI Hub Court for the 22 FSC. However, the parties shall prepare the exhibit binders as required (see section 23 3. Evidentiary Exhibits, below) and be prepared to represent to the PI Hub Court that **PAGE 15 OF 19** SEVENTH AMENDED STANDING ORDER FOR PROCEDURES IN

THE PERSONAL INJURY HUB COURT

the binders have been properly prepared. Hard copies of the exhibit binders will be required for the trial court.

3. Evidentiary Exhibits

The parties shall jointly prepare (and be ready to temporarily lodge for inspection at the FSC) three sets of tabbed, internally paginated by document, and properly marked exhibits, organized numerically in three-ring binders (a set for the trial court, the Judicial Assistant, and the witnesses). The parties shall mark all non-documentary exhibits and insert a simple written description of the exhibit behind the corresponding numerical tab in the exhibit binder.

D. Failure To Comply with Final Status Conference Obligations

The PI Hub Courts have the discretion to require any party or counsel of record who fails or refuses to comply with this Standing Order to show cause why the Court should not impose monetary, evidentiary, and/or issue sanctions (including the entry of a default or the striking of an answer).

13. Mandatory Settlement Conferences

Mandatory Settlement Conferences (MSC) are available on a virtual platform hosted by the Beverly Hills Bar Association at ResolveLawLA.com. MSCs are conducted by volunteer attorneys from the American Board of Trial Advocates, the Association of Southern California Defense Counsel, the Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles, and the Beverly Hills Bar Association and are overseen by the Court.

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MSCs are available in cases with two sides¹ 1) by stipulation, or 2) by court order at the Final Status Conference. If parties stipulate to participate in a ResolveLawLA MSC, they must seek leave of Court to do so, by making an ex parte application using the PI Hub MSC Stipulation form. Both parties should appear at the ex parte hearing. At the Final Status Conference, the Court may order parties to participate in a MSC if the Court feels that it could assist the parties in resolving the case.

Whether by stipulation or court order, parties must access the ResolveLawLA website at www.ResolveLawLA.com to create an account and register the case for MSC within two court days of the Court's order of the MSC. Plaintiff or its, her or his counsel (Plaintiff) must coordinate with Defendant or its, her or his counsel (Defendant) and select a mutually agreed upon date and time for the MSC prior to the trial date. Plaintiff shall also provide the name, email address, and phone number for Defendant when registering the case for an MSC.

A MSC brief shall be lodged by each party at ResolveLawLA.com and served on all parties not less than five court days before the scheduled MSC. The settlement conference statement shall be limited to five pages on the MSC Brief and 10 pages for exhibits. ResolveLawLA MSCs are available at 9 a.m. and 1:30 p.m. Monday through Friday, excluding court holidays, and are conducted on a virtual platform. After a MSC is scheduled, the ResolveLawLA system will send notifications via text and/or email and will include a link for counsel, the parties, and insurance representatives to join the MSC remotely.

¹ Cases with cross-complaints or separately represented defendants are not eligible.

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Pursuant to California Rules of Court, rule 3.1380(b) and Superior Court, Los Angeles County, Local Rules, rule 3.25(d), counsel, the parties, and persons with full authority to settle the case (including insurance company representatives) must attend the MSC virtually unless a judicial officer has excused the virtual appearance for good cause. Once Defendants are notified that a case has been scheduled for a MSC, Defendants shall create their own login to the ResolveLawLA.com system, and shall list all parties, party representatives and insurance adjusters' names, phone numbers, and emails where indicated. In the event the MSC needs to be canceled or rescheduled, it must be canceled through ResolveLawLA.

If the case settles before a scheduled MSC, parties shall forthwith notify the PI Hub Court to which the case is assigned of such settlement. The parties should also document their settlement agreement in writing signed by all parties whether before or at the scheduled MSC.

14. Trials

The PI Hub Courts do not conduct trials. On the trial date, all parties and/or their trial counsel must appear in person in the PI Hub Court assigned to the case. Upon confirming that the parties are trial-ready, the PI Hub Court will obtain a Trial Court assignment from Stanley Mosk Courthouse, Department 1, and will inform the parties and/or trial counsel of the assignment. The parties then have 20 minutes within which to exercise a peremptory challenge to the assigned trial court, assuming that party had not previously exercised the party's right to make such a challenge.

Should a Plaintiff fail to appear at trial, the PI Hub Court will dismiss the case without prejudice. (Code of Civil Procedure section 581(b)(3).) If a Defendant fails to appear at trial, the PI Hub court will obtain a Trial Court assignment from Department 1 and the Plaintiff will

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2022-SJ-008-02 proceed with an uncontested trial pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 594 and Warden v. Lamb (1929) 98 Cal. App. 738, 741. 15. Sanctions The Court has discretion to impose sanctions for any violation of this Standing Order. (Code of Civil Procedure, sections 128.7, 187; Government Code, section 68608(b).) Dated: 5/4/22 Judge David J. Cowan Supervising Judge, Civil Division

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EXHIBIT B

CT Corporation Service of Process Notification 08/16/2022 CT Log Number 542129074

Service of Process Transmittal Summary

TO: CATHY SCHUDA

Target Corporation

1000 NICOLLET MALL, MS: TPS-3155 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55403-2542

RE: Process Served in California

FOR: Target Corporation (Domestic State: MN)

ENCLOSED ARE COPIES OF LEGAL PROCESS RECEIVED BY THE STATUTORY AGENT OF THE ABOVE COMPANY AS FOLLOWS:

TITLE OF ACTION: Re: Vardan Grigoryan, an individual // To: Target Corporation

CASE #: 22STCV26366

NATURE OF ACTION: Personal Injury - Failure to Maintain Premises in a Safe Condition

PROCESS SERVED ON: C T Corporation System, GLENDALE, CA

DATE/METHOD OF SERVICE: By Process Server on 08/16/2022 at 01:24

JURISDICTION SERVED: California

ACTION ITEMS: CT has retained the current log, Retain Date: 08/16/2022, Expected Purge Date:

08/21/2022

Image SOP

Email Notification, Non Employee Litigation Target gl.legal@target.com

REGISTERED AGENT CONTACT: C T Corporation System

330 N BRAND BLVD STE 700 GLENDALE, CA 91203

877-564-7529

MajorAccountTeam2@wolterskluwer.com

The information contained in this Transmittal is provided by CT for quick reference only. It does not constitute a legal opinion, and should not otherwise be relied on, as to the nature of action, the amount of damages, the answer date, or any other information contained in the included documents. The recipient(s) of this form is responsible for reviewing and interpreting the included documents and taking appropriate action, including consulting with its legal and other advisors as necessary. CT disclaims all liability for the information contained in this form, including for any omissions or inaccuracies that may be contained therein.



PROCESS SERVER DELIVERY DETAILS

Date:

Tue, Aug 16, 2022

Server Name:

John Abramyan

Entity Served	TARGET CORPORATION
Case Number	22STCV26366
Jurisdiction	CA

Inserts	
 11136113	



EXHIBIT C



(StatusOnLine.aspx?sessionid=4cbfc160-7acc-4cd7-8cf5-eccf78b52908)

Subsequent Filing Into Case 22STCV26366 - Order Number 454985-JTI291049 Envelope Number 22LA01155220 Location: Fee Name Spring Street Courthouse Amount Not Available 0.00 Case Category: Premise Liability (e.g., dangerous conditions of property, slip, Case Type: Civil Unlimited Parties In Case: **Lead Attorney** Party Type Party Name Plaintiff Vardan Grigoryan Not Applicable Defendant TARGET CORPORATION, a corporation Not Applicable **Filings In Order:** Filing File Name Description Download Document Code Display RES010 (https://s3-us-west-RES010 LA311997.4246520.Answer.01.Original Answer Complt.Grigoryan.091522.State.pdf 1.amazonaws.com/docs.for.jti/Prod/JTI291049.00001.pdf)

1	Eugene J. Egan (State Bar No. 130108)	
2	<i>eje@manningllp.com</i> Gabriella Pedone (State Bar No. 308384)	
3	gap@manningllp.com MANNING & KASS	
4	ELLROD, RAMIREZ, TRESTER LLP 801 S. Figueroa St, 15 th Floor	
	Los Angeles, California 90017-3012	
5	Telephone: (213) 624-6900 Facsimile: (213) 624-6999	
6	Attorneys for Defendants, TARGET	
7	CORPÓRATION	
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF TH	IE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
9	COUNTY OF LOS ANGEI	LES, CENTRAL DISTRICT
10		
11	VARDAN GRIGORYAN, an individual,	Case No. 22STCV26366
12	Plaintiff,	The Hon. Audra Mori, Dept. 31
13	v.	DEFENDANT TARGET
14	TARGET CORPORATION, a corporation,	CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY
15	and DOES 1 to 20, inclusive,	TRIAL
16	Defendant.	Complaint Filed: 08/15/22
17	Pursuant to Sections 431.10, et sea, of th	e California Code of Civil Procedure, Defendant
18	TARGET CORPORATION ("Defendant") answer	
		er the Complaint of Framum VANDER
19	GRIGORYAN ("Plaintiff").	
20	<u>GENERA</u>	<u>L DENIAL</u>
21	1. Defendant denies generally and sp	pecifically each and every allegation in the
22	Complaint, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure	§431.30, and further denies that Plaintiff was
23	injured, or that Plaintiff sustained, or will sustain	damages in the sums alleged in the Complaint, or
24	in any sum, or at all.	
25	FIRST AFFIRMA	ATIVE DEFENSE
26	2. The Complaint and each and every	y purported cause of action therein fails to state
7	facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action aga	inst this answering Defendant. This affirmative

defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of

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action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

3. This answering Defendant is informed and believes and thereupon alleges that plaintiff failed to exercise reasonable and ordinary care, caution or prudence for his own safety, in order to avoid the alleged accident. The resulting injuries and damages, if any, sustained by plaintiff were proximately caused and contributed to by the negligence of plaintiff himself. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

4. Defendant alleges that insofar as Defendant has delegated any duty to any subordinate, such delegation was at all times done in good faith, and with due care. Plaintiff is therefore not liable for any act or omission of any subordinate.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

5. Defendant alleges that Plaintiff's recovery is reduced or diminished by Plaintiff's failure to mitigate his damages. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

6. Defendant alleges that Plaintiff has not been injured or damaged as a proximate result of any act or omission for which Defendant is responsible.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

7. If Plaintiff sustained any damage as alleged in the Complaint, that damage was proximately caused and contributed to by other parties to this action, whether served or not served, or by other persons or entities not parties to this action. The proportionate degree of negligence or fault of each of said other persons or entities must be determined and prorated and any judgment that might be rendered against defendant herein must be reduced not only by that degree of comparative negligence and fault found to exist as to plaintiff, but also as to the total of that

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degree of negligence or fault found to exist as to said other persons or entities. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

8. This answering Defendant denies that a dangerous condition existed. However, if it is determined that a dangerous condition in fact did exist, such condition was open and obvious. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

EIGHT AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

9. This answering Defendant denies that a dangerous condition existed. However, if it is determined that a dangerous condition in fact did exist, such condition was trivial. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

10. Defendant alleges that other persons, either known and/or unknown to this answering Defendant, are in whole or in part liable to plaintiff and/or proximately or legally caused plaintiff's alleged injuries. Pursuant to Civil Code Section 1431.2, Plaintiff must look to these other persons for recompense for Plaintiff's alleged damages. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

11. Defendant alleges that Plaintiff engaged in conduct and activities with respect to the subject of this Complaint, by reason of said activities and conduct, plaintiff is estopped from asserting any claims for damages or seeking any other relief against this answering defendant. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of

action.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

12. Defendant alleges that Plaintiff engaged in conduct and activities sufficient to constitute a waiver of any alleged breach of duty, negligence, act, omission, or any other conduct, if any, as set forth in the Complaint. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

13. Defendant alleges that the injuries and damages of which Plaintiff complains were proximately caused by or contributed to by the acts of other defendants, Cross-Defendants, persons and/or other entities, and that said acts were an intervening and superseding cause of the injuries and damages, if any, of which the plaintiff complains, thus barring Plaintiff from any recovery against this answering defendant. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

14. That the Complaint was brought without reasonable cause and without a good faith belief that there was a justifiable controversy under the facts of the law which warranted the filing of the Complaint against this responding defendant. Plaintiff should therefore be responsible for all defendant's necessary and reasonable defense costs, as more particularly set forth in California Code of Civil Procedure Section 1038. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint and each and every cause of action therein contained are barred by any and all applicable statutes of limitations, including, but not limited to Code of Civil Procedure Sections 335.1 and 342. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under

separate headings as to each cause of action.

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FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

16. Plaintiff's Complaint and each and every cause of action therein contained are barred by the doctrine of laches. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

17. This answering Defendant denies that a dangerous condition existed. However, if it is determined that a dangerous condition in fact did exist, such condition did not exist for a sufficiently reasonable amount of time as to give actual or constructive notice of the condition. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

18. This Defendant presently has insufficient knowledge or information on which to form a belief as to whether it may have additional, as yet unstated affirmative defenses available. Defendant herein reserves the right to assert additional defenses in the event that the discovery indicates that they would be appropriate. This affirmative defense is interposed to the Complaint in its entirety and separately as to each individual cause of action therein although not restated under separate headings as to each cause of action.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

	19.	Plaintiff's Complaint and each purported cause of action and/or form of recovery
contai	ined the	rein, is barred to the extent that Plaintiff lacks standing to assert any of the causes of
action	and/or	form of recovery contained in the Complaint because Plaintiff has not suffered any
injury	-in-fact	or for which Plaintiff does not have a private right of action.

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WHEREFORE, Defendant prays for relief as follows:

- 1. That the Complaint be dismissed, with prejudice and in its entirety;
- 2. That Plaintiff take nothing by reason of this Complaint and that judgment be entered against Plaintiff and in favor of Defendants;
 - 3. That Defendant be awarded their costs incurred in defending this action;
- 4. That Defendant be granted such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

DATED: September 15, 2022

MANNING & KASS ELLROD, RAMIREZ, TRESTER LLP

By: /s/ Gabriella Pedone Eugene J. Egan Gabriella Pedone

Attorneys for Defendants, TARGET

CORPORATION

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Defendant, TARGET CORPORATION, hereby demand trial of this matter by jury.

ELLROD, RAMIREZ, TRESTER LLP

/s/ Gabriella Pedone

Eugene J. Egan Gabriella Pedone

Attorneys for Defendants, TARGET

CORPORATION

Exhibit C. Page 00006

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PROOF OF SERVICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and not a party to this action. I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. My business address is 801 S. Figueroa St, 15th Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90017-3012.

On September 15, 2022, I served true copies of the following document(s) described as DEFENDANT TARGET CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO COMPLAINT; DEMAND **FOR JURY TRIAL** on the interested parties in this action as follows:

7 Armen Kiramijyan, SBN 276723 KAASS LAW 815 E. Colorado, St., Suite 220 8 Glendale, CA 91205 9 Tel: (310) 943-1171 Email: litigation@kaass.com

Attorney for Plaintiff Vardan Grigoryan

ONLY BY ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION: Only by emailing the document(s) to the persons at the e-mail address(es). This is necessitated during the declared National Emergency due to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic because this office will be working remotely, not able to send physical mail as usual, and is therefore using only electronic mail. No electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful was received within a reasonable time after the transmission. We will provide a physical copy, upon request only, when we return to the office at the conclusion of the National Emergency.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on September 15, 2022, at Los Angeles, California.

/s/ Sandra Alarcon Sandra Alarcon

EXHIBIT D



P.O. BOX, #944

Office 310.943.1171

GLENDALE, CALIFORNIA 91209

FACSIMILE 310.943.1172

March 4, 2022

Via Facsimile

daniel.galbreath@sedgwick.com

Attention: Dan Galbreath

Sedgwick Claims Management Services, Inc.

PO BOX 14453

Lexington, KY 40512

Telephone: 612-313-2369 800-533-8723 Ext. 32396

Facsimile: 800-922-9165

RE: SUBMISSION OF DEMAND PACKAGE

Our Client(s) : Vardan Grigoryan

Your Insured : Target Corporation

Claim Number : 128221H0001

Date of Loss : November 8, 2020

Dear Mr. Galbreath:

This office represents the interests of Vardan Grigoryan in connection with the November 8, 2020 incident wherein our client sustained serious injuries and consequential damages.

Please find enclosed medical reports and bills.

TIME SENSITIVE POLICY LIMITS DEMAND

The purpose of this letter is to clearly and concisely communicate a demand that you agree to pay our client your insured's entire policy limit in full and final settlement of his claim. The facts and circumstances surrounding this claim confirm that your insured is legally liable for our clients' damages and that the amount of those damages will most assuredly exceed the stated policy limit should the case proceed to verdict. As a result,



P.O. BOX, #944

Office 310.943.1171

GLENDALE, CALIFORNIA 91209

FACSIMILE 310.943.1172

any reasonable insurance company would promptly and unequivocally agree to pay the policy limit in exchange for a full and final release of all claims.

DEADLINE TO ACCEPT DEMAND

This offer to settle for the policy limit will expire of its own accord within Fifteen (15) days from the date of this letter. This provides SEDGWICK CLAIMS MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC., with sufficient time and opportunity to evaluate all the information contained in this letter, cross reference it with the information in your claims file, and to conduct whatever interviews and additional investigation may be necessary to make an informed decision. You will not be reminded by this office that the deadline is about to expire. This demand will not be extended or waived for any reason other than in writing and will not be repeated even if SEDGWICK CLAIMS MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC., decides to pay the policy limit after the expiration date. Under California law, our client is not obligated to repeat the policy limit demand after the expiration of this offer or to leave it open beyond a reasonable deadline.

This offer to settle for the GLOBAL POLICY LIMITS will expire by its own terms on FRIDAY, MARCH 18, 2022 at 4:00 p.m. Pacific Standard Time.

Thank you in advance for your anticipated courtesy and cooperation in this matter.

Best regards,

KAASS LAW

Lucy Abett
Personal Injury Team
pit@kaass.com

Enclosures: medical reports and bills

EXHIBIT E

Alex Padilla California Secretary of State



Business Search - Entity Detail

The California Business Search is updated daily and reflects work processed through Thursday, May 21, 2020. Please refer to document **Processing Times** for the received dates of filings currently being processed. The data provided is not a complete or certified record of an entity. Not all images are available online.

C0536463 TARGET CORPORATION

Registration Date:11/24/1967Jurisdiction:MINNESOTAEntity Type:FOREIGN STOCKStatus:ACTIVE

Agent for Service of Process: <u>C T CORPORATION SYSTEM (C0168406)</u>

To find the most current California registered Corporate Agent for Service of Process address and authorized employee(s) information, click the link above and then select the most current 1505

Certificate.

Entity Address: 1000 NICOLLET MALL

MINNEAPOLIS MN 55403

Entity Mailing Address: 1000 NICOLLET MALL, TPS 3155

MINNEAPOLIS MN 55403

A Statement of Information is due EVERY year beginning five months before and through the end of November.

Document Type 11	File Date	ļ.	PDF
SI-NO CHANGE	10/22/2019		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/21/2019		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/28/2018		
SI-COMPLETE	10/24/2017		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/23/2017		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/21/2016		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/25/2015		

Document Type J	File Date	1 7	PDF
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	07/18/2014		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/27/2013		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/20/2012		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	05/31/2011		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/01/2010		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/09/2009		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/19/2008		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/22/2007		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/07/2006		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	06/23/2005		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	12/03/2004		
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	12/22/2003		Image unavailable. Please request paper copy.
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	12/05/2003		Image unavailable. Please request paper copy.
PUBLICLY TRADED DISCLOSURE	11/25/2003		Image unavailable. Please request paper copy.
AMENDED REGISTRATION	02/11/2000		
AMENDED REGISTRATION	07/23/1985		
AMENDED REGISTRATION	07/22/1969		Image unavailable. Please request paper copy.
REGISTRATION	11/24/1967		Image unavailable. Please request paper copy.

^{*} Indicates the information is not contained in the California Secretary of State's database.

- If the status of the corporation is "Surrender," the agent for service of process is automatically revoked.
 Please refer to California Corporations Code <u>section 2114</u> for information relating to service upon corporations that have surrendered.
- · For information on checking or reserving a name, refer to Name Availability.
- If the image is not available online, for information on ordering a copy refer to **Information Requests**.

- For information on ordering certificates, status reports, certified copies of documents and copies of documents not currently available in the Business Search or to request a more extensive search for records, refer to Information Requests.
- For help with searching an entity name, refer to **Search Tips**.
- For descriptions of the various fields and status types, refer to Frequently Asked Questions.

Modify Search

New Search

Back to Search Results

Business Record Details »

Minnesota Business Name

Target Corporation

Business Type

Business Corporation (Domestic)

File Number

11-AA

Filing Date

02/11/1902

Renewal Due Date

12/31/2020

Number of Shares

6,005,000,000

Chief Executive Officer

BRIAN C CORNELL 1000 Nicollet Mall

Mpls, MN 55403

USA

MN Statute

302A

Home Jurisdiction

Minnesota

Status

Active / In Good Standing

Registered Office Address

1010 Dale St N

St Paul, MN 55117-5603

USA

Registered Agent(s)

C T Corporation System

Principal Executive Office Address

1000 Nicollet Mall Mpls, MN 55403

USA

Filing History

Filing History

Select the item(s) you would like to order: Order Selected Copies

Filing Date	Filing	Effective Date
02/11/1902	Original Filing - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
02/11/1902	Business Corporation (Domestic) Business Name (Business Name: Goodfellow Dry Goods Co.)	
05/25/1903	Business Corporation (Domestic) Business Name (Business Name: Dayton Dry Goods Co.)	
05/17/1911	Business Corporation (Domestic) Business Name (Business Name: The Dayton Company)	
08/04/1915	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	

Filing Date	Filing	Effective Date
02/04/1919	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
11/29/1922	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
07/25/1928	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
08/12/1931	Business Corporation (Domestic) Duration	
02/16/1939	Amendment - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
07/25/1939	Amendment - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
03/18/1949	Business Corporation (Domestic) Duration	
12/30/1950	Consent to Use of Name - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
07/28/1955	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
12/31/1958	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
12/31/1958	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
02/02/1959	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
04/30/1963	Amendment - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
09/02/1964	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
03/02/1966	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
12/06/1966	Amendment - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
01/27/1967	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
05/29/1967	Consent to Use of Name - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
07/28/1967	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
09/06/1967	Business Corporation (Domestic) Business Name (Business Name: Dayton Corporation)	
09/06/1967	Registered Office and/or Agent - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
11/24/1967	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
12/08/1967	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
05/07/1968	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
02/13/1969	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
03/18/1969	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
05/22/1969	Amendment - Business Corporation (Domestic)	

Filing Date	Filing	Effective Date
06/20/1969	Business Corporation (Domestic) Business Name (Business Name: Dayton-Hudson Corporation)	
07/23/1970	Amendment - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
06/16/1972	Registered Office and/or Agent - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
01/04/1974	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
04/25/1975	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
04/25/1975	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
01/27/1976	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
04/27/1976	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
02/01/1977	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
05/24/1978	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
06/24/1982	Business Corporation (Domestic) Active Status Report	
11/22/1982	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
05/26/1983	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
04/19/1984	Consent to Use of Name - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
05/31/1985	Business Corporation (Domestic) Restated Articles	
05/31/1985	Business Corporation (Domestic) Business Name (Business Name: Dayton Hudson Corporation)	
01/15/1986	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
05/30/1986	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
09/23/1986	Amendment - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
06/03/1987	Amendment - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
05/25/1988	Amendment - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
01/11/1990	Business Corporation (Domestic) Other	
06/21/1996	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
09/12/1996	Business Corporation (Domestic) Other	
09/18/1997	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
01/28/1998	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
04/10/1998	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	

Filing Date	Filing	Effective Date
09/11/1998	Business Corporation (Domestic) Other	
01/13/2000	Business Corporation (Domestic) Business Name (Business Name: Target Corporation)	
01/13/2000	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
01/28/2000	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
01/28/2000	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
01/28/2000	Consent to Use of Name - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
06/16/2000	Business Corporation (Domestic) Change of Shares	
11/17/2000	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
09/18/2001	Business Corporation (Domestic) Other	
02/21/2002	Business Corporation (Domestic) Restated Articles	
02/21/2002	Registered Office and/or Agent - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
12/23/2002	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
01/31/2003	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
04/20/2005	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
06/14/2005	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
08/31/2005	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
10/27/2005	Business Corporation (Domestic) Other	
10/28/2005	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
10/28/2005	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
11/09/2005	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
11/22/2005	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
07/13/2006	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
05/24/2007	Amendment - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
05/24/2007	Business Corporation (Domestic) Other	
06/17/2008	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
01/27/2009	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
06/10/2010	Business Corporation (Domestic) Restated Articles	

Filing Date	Filing	Effective Date
11/22/2010	Merger - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
4/30/2015	Merger Survivor - Business Corporation (Domestic)	5/1/2015 12:01 AM
10/12/2015	Merger Survivor - Business Corporation (Domestic)	10/16/2015 12:01 AM
1/27/2016	Merger Survivor - Business Corporation (Domestic)	1/30/2016 11:59 PM
1/28/2016	Merger Survivor - Business Corporation (Domestic)	1/30/2016 11:59 PM
4/18/2016	Registered Office and/or Agent - Business Corporation (Domestic)	
9/16/2016	Registered Office and/or Agent - Business Corporation (Domestic)	

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